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State	Size of firm (minimum number of employees and/or size of payroll)	Wage or employment qualification (number times weekly benefit amount unless otherwise indicated)	Waiting period (weeks)		Composition of weekly benefit amount (fraction of high-quarter wages unless otherwise indicated) <sup>2</sup>	Weekly benefit amount (in dollars)		Maximum benefit in computing weekly benefit for partial unemployment <sup>4</sup>	Duration in 52-week period		
			Total unemployment <sup>1</sup>	Partial unemployment <sup>1</sup>		Minimum	Maximum		Proportion of wages to base period <sup>5</sup>	Weeks of benefit for total unemployment <sup>6</sup>	Maximum
Alabama	4 in 20 weeks	1 1/2 times high-quarter wages; with \$221.01 in 1 quarter	1	2	1/26	9	32	\$6	1/3	12+	26
Alaska	1 at any time	1 1/2 times high-quarter wages but not less than \$500	1	1	1.69-1.1% of annual wages, plus \$3 for each dependent up to lesser of wba or \$25	310-15	345-70	Greater of \$10 or 1/2 basic wba	3/30-2/28	15	26
Arizona	3 in 20 weeks	30; and wages in 2 quarters	1	1	1/25	10	35	\$10	1/3	10	26
Arkansas	1 in 10 days	30; and wages in 2 quarters	1	1	1/26	10	30	\$5	1/3	10	26
California	1 and over \$100 in any quarter	\$600; if more than 75% paid in 1 quarter, lesser of 30 times wba or \$750	1	1	1/16-1/26	10	55	\$12	1/2	6-7 <sup>26</sup>	6 <sup>26</sup>
Colorado	4 in 20 weeks	30	1	1	Approximately 1/22 up to 1/2 of State average weekly wage	314-18	345-57	\$3	1/2	31 <sup>26</sup> -26	32 <sup>1/2</sup>
Connecticut	3 in 13 weeks	\$300; and wages in 2 quarters	1	1	1/26, plus \$4 for each dependent up to 1/2 wba	10-14	45-67	\$3	1/3	6-7 <sup>12</sup>	6 <sup>26</sup>
Delaware	1 in 20 weeks	30	1	1	1/25	7	50	\$2	3/7 <sup>6</sup>	7 <sup>11</sup>	26
District of Columbia	1 at any time	1 1/2 times high-quarter wages but not less than \$276; with \$130 in 1 quarter	1	1	1/23, plus \$1 for each dependent up to \$3	8-9	330	2/5 wba	1/3	11+	26
Florida	4 in 20 weeks or 4 in 8 weeks and over \$6,000 in any quarter	20 weeks of employment at \$20 or more	1	1	1/2 of average weekly wage	10	33	\$5	1/2 weeks of employment	10	26
Georgia	4 in 20 weeks	36; with \$175 in 1 quarter and wages in 2 quarters	1	1	1/25	8	35	\$8	1/4	9	26
Hawaii	1 at any time	30	8 <sup>1</sup>	8 <sup>1</sup>	1/25	5	55	\$2	Uniform	6 <sup>26</sup>	6 <sup>26</sup>
I Idaho	1 and \$130 in any quarter	33+-38+ but not less than \$372; with \$365 in 1 quarter and wages in 2 quarters	1	1	1/23-1/26 up to greater of 52/5% of State average weekly wage or \$40	17	43	1/2 wba	3/30-2/28	6 <sup>10</sup>	6 <sup>26</sup>
Illinois	4 in 20 weeks	\$730; with \$175 outside high quarter	1	1	1/20-1/24, plus \$1 - \$21 allowance for claimant with high-quarter wages of more than \$911.25 and 1-4 dependents	10	38-59	\$7	3/35-2/48	6-7 <sup>26</sup>	6 <sup>26</sup>
Indiana	4 in 20 weeks	\$230; with \$150 in last 2 quarters	1	1	1/25	10	36	\$3 from other than base period employer	1/4	6+	26

State	Size of firm (minimum number of employees and/or size of payroll)	Wage or employment qualification (number weeks weekly benefit amount, unless other- wise indicated) <sup>1</sup>	Waiting period (weeks)		Composition of weekly benefit amount (specification of high- quarter wages unless otherwise indicated) <sup>2</sup>	Weekly benefit amount for total unemployment <sup>3</sup> (in dollars)		Example disregarded in computing weekly benefit for partial unemployment <sup>4</sup>	Duration in 52-week period		
			Total unem- ploy- ment	Partial unem- ploy- ment		Minimum	Maximum		Proportion of wages in base period <sup>5</sup>	Weeks of benefit for total unemployment <sup>6</sup>	
			most	most		Minimum	Maximum			Minimum <sup>7</sup>	Maximum
Iowa	4 in 20 weeks	\$300; with \$200 in 1 quar- ter and \$100 in another quarter	1	2	1/20, plus \$1-\$14 allow- ance for claimants with high-quarter wages of 1-5 dependents	10	30-44	\$6	1/3	10	26
Kansas	4 in 20 weeks 25 in 1 week	30	1	1	1/25 up to 1/2 of State average weekly wage	10	42	\$8	1/3	10	26
Kentucky	4 in 20 weeks or 4 in 3 quarters of preceding year	1 3/8 times high-quarter wages; with 8 times wba in last 2 quarters and \$250 in 1 quarter	1	1	1/25	11	37	1/3 wages	1/3	715	26
Louisiana	4 in 20 weeks	30	81	81	1/20	10	35	\$5	2/3	12	28
Maine	4 in 20 weeks	\$300	1	1	2.2-1.1% of annual wages	7	33	\$10	Uniform	26	26
Maryland	1 at any time	36; with \$192.01 in 1 quar- ter and wages in 2 quar- ters	0	0	1/24, plus \$2 for each dependent up to \$8	10-12	35-43	\$7	Uniform	26	26
Massachusetts	1 in 13 weeks	\$650	1	1	1/19-1/28, plus \$6 for each dependent up to average weekly wage	10-16	40- <del>43</del>	\$10	36%	729+	30
Michigan	4 in 20 weeks	14 weeks of employment at \$15.01 or more	81	81	63-41% of average weekly wage, plus allowance of \$1 - \$25 depending on average weekly wage and number of dependents	310-12	30-55	Up to 1/2 wba <sup>4</sup>	2/3 weeks of employment	9+	26
Minnesota	1 in 20 weeks or 4 in 20 weeks <sup>9</sup>	\$520	1	1	2.2-1.5% of annual wages	12	38	\$6	342-33%	18	26
Mississippi	4 in 20 weeks	36; with \$130.01 in 1 quar- ter and wages in 2 quar- ters	1	1	1/26 up to lesser of 55% of State average weekly wage or \$30	8	30	\$5	1/3	12	26
Missouri	4 in 20 weeks	17 weeks of employment at \$15 or more	1	1	1/25	3	40	\$4	1/3	726	26
Montana	1 in 20 weeks or over \$500 in a year	1 1/2 times high-quarter wages; with \$285 in 1 quarter	1	(10)	1/20-1/25	15	34	(10)	(2/)	13	26
Nebraska	4 in 20 weeks or \$10,000 in any quarter	\$400 in 2 quarters with \$100 or more in each of such quarters	1	1	1/19-1/23	12	34	Up to 1/2 wba <sup>4</sup>	1/3	11	26
Nevada	1 and \$225 in any quarter	30	0	0	1/25, plus \$5 for each de- pendent up to lesser of \$20 or 6% of high-quarter wages	8-12	37.50- 57.50	\$5	1/3	10	26

New Hampshire	4 in 20 weeks	\$600; with \$100 outside high quarter	1	2	1.8-1.35 of annual wages	12	40	\$3	Uniform	26	26
New Jersey	4 in 20 weeks	17 weeks of employment at \$15 or more	51	51	57-71% of average weekly wage	10	20	Greater of \$7 or 20% wha	3/4 weeks of employment	25	26
New Mexico	1 and \$450 in any quarter or 2 in 13 weeks	30; with \$136 in 1 quarter	1	1	1/26	10	36	\$3	3/5	18	30
New York	1 and \$300 in any quarter	20 weeks of employment at average of \$15 or more	1	12-4	67-50% of average weekly wage	10	50	(12)	Uniform	26	26
North Carolina	4 in 20 weeks	\$350; and wages in 2 quarters	0	0	2.0-1.0% of annual wages	12	35	1/2 wha	Uniform	626	626
North Dakota	4 in 20 weeks	39; and wages in 2 quarters	1	1	1/26	10	36	1/2 wha	Uniform	24	24
Ola	3 at any time	20 weeks of employment with \$240	1	1	1/17-1/26, plus \$5 for first dependent and \$5 for next 2 dependents	310-15	42-53	1/5 wha	100%	724	26
Oklahoma	4 in 20 weeks	1 1/2 times high-quarter wages but not less than \$300; or \$3,000	1	1	1/26	10	32	\$7	1/3	10	39
Oregon	1 and \$225 in any quarter	20 weeks of employment at average of \$20 or more but not less than \$700	1	1	1/26	15	40	1/3 wha	1/3	13+	26
Pennsylvania	1 at any time	32-54; with \$120 in 1 quarter	1	1	1/25 or 1/2 of full-time weekly wage, if greater	10	40	Greater of \$6 or 30% wha	Uniform	30	30
Puerto Rico	4 at any time	21-30 but not less than \$150; with \$50 in 1 quarter and wages in 2 quarters	1	1	1/1-1/25	7	16	\$3	Uniform	12	12
Rhode Island	1 at any time	20 weeks of employment at \$20 or more; or \$1,200	1	1	1/2 of average weekly wage, plus \$3 for each dependent up to \$12	10-13	36-46	\$5	3/5 weeks of employment	12	26
South Carolina	4 in 20 weeks	1 1/2 times high-quarter wages but not less than \$300; with \$180 in 1 quarter	1	1	1/26 up to 1/2 of State average weekly wage	10	34	1/2 wha	1/3	10	22
South Dakota	4 in 20 weeks or \$24,000 in a year	\$600; with \$250 in 1 quarter and wages in 2 quarters	1	1	1/22-1/24	12	33	\$3	32-36%	716	24
Tennessee	4 in 20 weeks	40, 50 and 60; with \$182 in 1 quarter	1	1	1/26	8	32	\$5	Uniform	22	22
Texas	4 in 20 weeks	\$375 with \$250 in 1 quarter and \$125 in another; or \$450 with \$50 in each of 3 quarters; or \$1,000 in 1 quarter	0 (Eff. 1/1/62, \$1)	0 (Eff. 1/1/62, \$1)	1/26 (Eff. 1/1/62, 1/23)	7 (Eff. 1/1/62, 10)	28 (Eff. 1/1/62, 37)	Greater of \$5 or 1/2 wha	1/4 (Eff. 1/1/62, 27%)	716+ (Eff. 1/7/62, 710+)	24 (Eff. 1/1/62, 26)

Utah	1 and \$140 in any quarter	19 weeks of employment with \$400	1	1	1/26 up to 1/2 of State average weekly wage	10	43	Lesser of \$12 or 1/2 of State average weekly wage	Weighted schedule of base-period wages in relation to high-quarter wages	710	36
Vermont	3 in 20 weeks	30: with 1/3 of wages in last 2 quarters and \$200 in 1 quarter	1	1	1/25: 1/26 up to 1/2 of State average weekly wage	10	43	Lesser of \$12 or 1/2 of State average weekly wage for each dependent up to \$10	Weighted schedule of base-period wages in relation to high-quarter wages	710	36
Virginia	4 in 20 weeks	30	1	1	1/25	10	32	\$2	1/4	8	29
Washington	1 at any time	\$800	1	1	2.0-1.1% of annual wages	17	42	\$12	1/3	19+	30
West Virginia	4 in 20 weeks	\$300	1	0	1.8-1.0% of annual wages	10	32	\$10	Uniform	26	26

State	Size of firm (minimum number of employees and/or also of payroll)	Wage or employment qualification (number times weekly benefit minimum; where otherwise indicated)	Waiting period (weeks)		Computation of weekly benefit amount (fraction of high-quarter wages unless otherwise indicated)	Weekly benefit amount for total unemployment <sup>3</sup> (in dollars)		Minimum	Maximum	Maximum discontinued in computing weekly benefit for partial unemployment <sup>4</sup>	Duration in 52-week period		
			Total unemployment <sup>5</sup>	Partial unemployment <sup>6</sup>		Proportion of wages to base period <sup>5</sup>	Minimum <sup>7</sup>				Maximum <sup>8</sup>		
Wisconsin	4 in 20 weeks; or \$10,000 in any quarter; or \$6,000 in any year	18 weeks of employment at average of \$16 or more <sup>11</sup>	1	1	63-75% of average weekly wage up to 32 2/3% of State average weekly wage	11	50	10-13	49-55	Up to 1/2 wha <sup>4</sup>	7/10 weeks of first 20 weeks of employment and 8/10 of additional weeks up to 45	12*	34
Wyoming	1 and \$300 in any year	1 1/2 times high-quarter wages; with \$250 in 1 quarter	1	1	1/25 up to 55% of State average weekly wage, plus \$3 for each dependent up to \$6	10-13	49-55	10-13	49-55	1/2 wha	3/10	12	26

1 Weekly benefit amount abbreviated in column and footnotes as wha.  
 2 When States use a weighted high-quarter formula, annual-wage-formula, or average-weekly-wage formula, approximate fractions or percentages are figured at midpoint of lowest and highest normal wage brackets. When dependent<sup>3</sup> allowances are provided, the fraction applies to the basic benefit amount.  
 3 When 2 amounts are given, higher includes dependents' allowances except in Colorado. Claimants employed in Colorado by covered employers for 5 consecutive calendar years with wages in excess of \$1,000 per year and no benefits received, may receive the higher amount for 26 weeks. Higher for minimum who includes maximum allowance for one dependent; Michigan—for one dependent child or 2 dependents other than a child; Ohio—for a dependent spouse or a dependent child if there is no spouse. In the District of Columbia same maximum with or without dependents. In Massachusetts maximum suggested payment not shown since each aggregation is limited only by the average weekly wage. In Alaska maximum for interstate claimants is \$20 and no dependents' allowances paid.  
 4 In States need full wha is paid if earnings are less than 1/2 wha; 1/3 wha if earnings are 1/2 wha but less than wha.  
 5 For States with weighted methods, percent of benefit based on horizon of lowest and highest wage brackets. In States need, percentages vary for other brackets. In Montana 13, 20 and 26 weeks depending on quarters of employment.  
 6 Benefits are extended when unemployment in State reaches specified levels: in California, Connecticut, Hawaii, Idaho, Illinois, and Vermont, by 50%; and in North Carolina, by 8 weeks.  
 7 For claimants with minimum who and minimum qualifying wages except in Texas where (until 1/1/62) minimum qualifying wages yield \$10 wha for 9 + weeks. In Delaware, Kentucky, and Utah summary minimum; and in Illinois, 10-week summary minimum not applicable at minimum wha. In other States noted if qualifying wages are concentrated largely or wholly in high quarter, wha for claimants with minimum qualifying wages may be above minimum wha, and weeks of benefit less than minimum duration shown.  
 8 Waiting period becomes commensurate if claimant is entitled to 12 consecutive weeks of benefits (New York); is unemployed for at least 6 weeks and is not disqualified (Louisiana); commences other full-time work within 4 weeks after being laid off indefinitely or for a definite period of more than 4 weeks (Michigan); when benefits become payable for third consecutive week following waiting period (New Jersey); after benefits are paid for 4 weeks (Texas).  
 9 Employees of fewer than 4000 subject to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act) outside corporate limits of cities of 10,000 or more population are not liable for contributions.  
 10 No partial benefits paid but earnings not exceeding greater of \$15 or 1 day's work of 8 hours disregarded for total unemployment.  
 11 Or 13 weeks in last year and 40 weeks in last 2 years at average weekly wage of \$15 or more (New York); or 14 weeks in last year and 53 weeks at average of \$16 or more (Wisconsin).  
 12 Waiting period in 4 "effective days" accumulated in 1-4 weeks. Partial benefits are 1/2 wha for each of 1 to 3 effective days. "Effective day": the fourth and each subsequent day of total unemployment in a week for which see more than \$50 is paid.